

ANNUAL 2017 REPORT

Annual Report for Funds Under Management of MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited



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FUND'S INFORMATION

Management Company MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investments Limited

24th Floor, Centre Point, O Shaheed-e-Millat Expressway

Near K.P.T. Interchange, Karachi.

Board of Directors Mian Mohammad Mansha Chairman

Mr. Nasim Beg Vice Chairman

Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem Chief Executive Officer

Dr. Syed Salman Ali Shah
Director
Mr. Haroun Rashid
Director
Mr. Ahmed Jahangir
Director
Mr. Samad A. Habib
Director
Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg
Director
Mr. Haroun Rashid
Chairman

Audit CommitteeMr. Haroun RashidChairmanMr. Ahmed JahangirMember

Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg Member
Mr. Nasim Beg Member

Human Resource &Dr. Syed Salman Ali ShahChairmanRemuneration CommitteeMr. Nasim BegMember

Mr. Haroun Rashid Member
Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Member
Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem Member

Chief Executive Officer Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem

Chief Financial Officer & Mr. Abdul Basit

Company Secretary

Trustee

MCB Financial Services Limited

4th Floor, Pardesi House, Old Queens Road,

Karachi, Pakistan. Ph: (92-21) 32419770 Fax: (92-21) 32416371 Web: www.mcbfsl.com.pk

Bankers MCB Bank Limited

Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

Bank Al-Falah Limited United Bank Limited Allied Bank Limited Bank Al-Habib Limited Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited

Auditors Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder

Chartered Accountant

Progressive Plaza, Beaumount Road, P.O. Box 155411

Karachi, Sindh-75530, Pakistan.

Legal Advisor Bawaney & Partners

3rd & 4th Floor, 68 C, Lane 13, Bukhari Commercial Area

Phase VI, D.H.A., Karachi

Transfer Agent MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investments Limited

24th Floor, Centre Point, O Shaheed-e-Millat Expressway

Near K.P.T. Interchange, Karachi.

Rating AM2++ Asset Manager Rating assigned by PACRA

Dear Investor,

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present **Pakistan Cash Management Fund's** accounts review for the year ended June 30, 2017.

ECONOMY AND MONEY MARKET OVERVIEW

Pakistan's economy achieved its decade high growth of 5.28% in FY17 which though missed the target of 5.7% but still reflects progressive movement from stabilization phase to growth trajectory. Agriculture sector remained the main stay, posting a growth of 3.50% compared to a modest of 0.26% a year back. This was well supported by Services with 6% YoY growth. On the industrial front, large scale manufacturing sector recorded growth of 5.7% for 11MFY17 with major contribution coming from consumer, construction and power segment. Auto sector recorded double digits growth as demand continued to grow and new models were introduced by local OEMs. CPEC related and other infrastructure investment continued to provide boom to construction related industries including steel and cement.

On the external front, a 17.7% rise in imports and 1.4% drop in exports widened the trade deficit to USD 26.9 billion in FY17 compared to USD 19.3 billion a year back. Major contribution in imports came from Petroleum products, which posted an increase of 21% to USD 10.6 billion, followed by Food (15% YoY rise) and Machinery (10% YoY rise). Increase in oil prices, LNG imports to fill the natural gas deficit, fast growing demand of consumer products and capital goods import for various projects guided the import bill to USD 48.5 billion in FY17.

Remittance marginally declined during FY17 to USD 19.30 billion, ~3.08% lower than last year, where major reasons can be attributed to employment situation in Middle East and slower than expected global recovery.

The above two factors (declining remittance and rising CA deficit) have started to put pressure on FX reserves, wiping out ~USD 1.72 billion since July 1, 2016 to end the year at USD 21.368 billion.

Despite a 19% YoY increase in average Arab Light prices, CPI remained subdued, posting a 4.15% YoY ri se in FY17. This was mainly on account of benign growth in Food, transportation and house rent.

The government managed to contain the fiscal deficit at 4.2%, moderately higher than the set target of 3.8%. Total expenditure and total revenue both advanced by 12%YoY while fiscal balance hiked by 11%YoY. The government has set a fiscal deficit target of 4.1% in FY18.

Along with CA deficit, another point of concern is rising fiscal deficit and public and private debt to finance these increasing gaps. Pakistan's total debt stood at ~PKR 23.95 trillion (till March, 2017) reflecting an increase of ~PKR 2.33 trillion over a year.

State Bank of Pakistan in its latest monetary policy review for next two months maintained the policy rate at 5.75% for the seventh consecutive time. The policy committee remains positive based on future expected inflows due to CPEC and other projects which have kept the rupee relatively stable during the year. Ongoing political uncertainty also temporarily reflected in currency markets where on a single day, a temporary relaxation from SBP turned into a sharp depreciation of near 4% which however recovered in the following days as Finance Minister clarified and expressed the firm resolve to fight any speculative movement.

BOP deficits have caused Net Foreign Asset of the banking system to shrink from PKR 1.0 trillion at the end of FY16 to PKR 601 billion only at the end of FY17. M2 growth remains elevated (+13.7% Y/Y) owing to the government running large budget deficits, which has also led to Net Domestic Asset of the banking system to grow by 18.3% YoY. The government relied on SBP for funding with borrowings of PKR 908 billion leaving local banks with substantial liquidity. In second half of FY17, Yield Curve has remained flat; whereas liquidity was adequately managed by SBP.

Shariah Instruments market remained thinly supplied as State Bank of Pakistan conducted a sole Ijara Sukuk auction in FY17 based on fixed rate rental arrangement o ering yields of 5.24% and borrowing PKR 71 billion against the maturing Ijara Sukuk of PKR 50 billion evidencing a scarcity of avenues for Islamic investments.

FUND PERFORMANCE

During the period under review, the fund generated an annualized return of 8.34% as against its benchmark return of 6.07%, an outperformance of 2.27%.

The fund's exposure was shifted towards cash as commercial banks o ered relatively attractive returns compared to current yield of other money market instruments.

The Net Assets of the Fund as at June 30, 2017 stood at Rs. 628 million as compared to Rs. 1,993 million as at June 30, 2016 registering a decrease of 68.49%.

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2017 was Rs. 50.2794 as compared to opening NAV of Rs. 50.2062 per unit as at June 30, 2016 registering an increase of Rs. 0.0732 per unit.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

The windfall gains that emerged in past couple of years had been a byproduct of subdued oil prices, which painted a rosy picture on external account, CPI, discount rate and even fiscal account in terms of less burden is terms of subsidies. Though international commodity outlook still appear bearish but rising current account deficit is posing a challenging scenario going ahead.

The trade imbalance of USD 27 billion in FY17 could deteriorate further with machinery imports under CPEC and several local capital projects are expected to lead the import bill. Exports on the other hand, are expected to remain under pressure given muted response of government towards the rebates under the textile package and government's resilience to support Pakistani rupee through foreign exchange reserves. With widening trade deficit and little help from remittances, we expect next year current account deficit to reach near USD 15 billion (~4% of GDP) still far from what we have seen in our last balance of payment crisis, which dragged CAD to ~USD 14 billion (8% of GDP) back in 2008. However widening CAD coupled with interest repayment may create a financing need of USD 18-19bn in FY18, which points towards strong possibility of PKR depreciation.

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is expected to remain well anchored in FY18. We expect inflation to average around 4.5% in FY18. Currency devaluation and commodity prices though pose risk to estimates, low CPI reading next year is expected to prevent need for near term significant monetary tightening.

Low interest rate environment coupled with support from CPEC related projects, government's GDP target of 6% does not look too lofty, if external account shock and political destabilization does not derail the growth.

The equity market is set to take its cue from the outcome of Panama issue. With almost 13% fall from its peak, the market appears to have incorporated the risk of change in the PM house, however disintegration of PML(N) in aftermath of court judgment and disqualification of Finance Minister could further dent the short term market sentiments, as it would hint a hung parliament in the next election.

Themes of currency depreciation, interest rate rise and economic growth are expected to set the investment tone in the coming fiscal year. Sectors positively linked with currency weakness are expected to garner lime light namely, Commercial Banks, Exploration & Production and Power sector. Select growth plays in Power, Steel, Construction and Consumer space are also expected to add positive contributions to market performance.

We expect fundamentals to reign in over the political noise in the coming months given our market is trading at PER of 9x (a $\sim 30\%$ discount to the Emerging Markets), creating room for re-rating. In addition, low interest rates scenario is also keeping fixed income returns subdued, which is further attracting the liquidity in the equity market. The KSE-100 Index currently trades at an equity risk premium of $\sim 3\%$ and provides a dividend yield of $\sim 5.5\%$.

Corporate Governance

The Fund is committed to implement the highest standards of corporate governance. With three (3) independent Directors on the Board, as governing body of the Management Company the Board is accountable to the unit holders for good corporate governance. Management is continuing to comply with the provisions of best practices set out in the code of corporate governance particularly with regard to independence of non-executive directors. The fund remains committed to conduct business in line with listing regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange, which clearly defined the role and responsibilities of Board of Directors and Management. The following specific statements are being given to comply with the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance:

- a. Financial statements present fairly its state of affairs, the results of operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- b. Proper books of accounts of the Fund have been maintained.
- c. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d. International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, provisions of the Non Banking Finance Companies (Establishment & Regulations) Rules, 2003, Non Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, requirements of the respective Trust Deeds and directives issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan have been followed in the preparation of financial statements.
- e. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored with ongoing efforts to improve it further.
- f. There are no doubts what so ever upon the Fund's ability to continue as going concern.
- g. There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
- h. Key financial data as required by the Code of Corporate Governance has been summarized in the financial statements.
- i. Outstanding statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges, if any have been fully disclosed in the financial statements.
- j. The statement as to the value of investments of provident/gratuity and pension fund is not applicable on the Fund but applies to the Management Company; hence no disclosure has been made in the Directors' Report.
- k. All the directors have completed the Directors Training Programe course or are exempt from attending training course due to sufficient working experience.
- 1. The detailed pattern of unit holding, as required by NBFC Regulations and the Code of Corporate Governance are enclosed.

m. The details of attendance of Board of Directors meeting is disclosed in financial statements. Below is the details of committee meetings held during the year ended June 30, 2017:

1. Meeting of the Audit Committee.

During the year, six (6) meetings of the Audit Committee were held. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

| | | | Number of meetings | | | |
|--------|--------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|----------|------------------|--|
| S. No. | Name of Persons | Number of meetings held | Attendance required | Attended | Leave granted | |
| 1 | Mr. Haroun Rashid | 6 | 6 | 3 | 3 | |
| 2 | Mr. Samad A. Habib | 6 | 4 | 3 | 1 | |
| 3 | Mr. Ahmed Jahangir | 6 | 6 | 6 | - | |
| 4 | Mr. Nasim Beg | 6 | 6 | 6 | - | |
| 5 | Mirza Qamar Beg | 6 | 2 | 2 | - | |

2. Meeting of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee.

During the year, four (4) meetings of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee were held. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

| | | | Number of meetings | | | |
|--------|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|----------|------------------|--|
| S. No. | Name of Persons | Number of meetings | Attendance required | Attended | Leave granted | |
| 1 | Dr. Syed Salman Shah | 4 | 4 | 4 | - | |
| 2 | Mr. Nasim Beg | 4 | 4 | 4 | - | |
| 3 | Mr. Ahmed Jahangir | 4 | 4 | 4 | - | |
| 4 | Mr. Haroun Rashid | 4 | 4 | 3 | 1 | |
| 5 | Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem | 4 | 4 | 4 | - | |

n. The trades in the Units of the Fund were carried out during the year by Directors, Chief Executive O cer, Chief Operating O cer, Chief Financial O cer, Company Secretary, and Chief Internal Auditor of the Management Company and their spouses and minor children.

| | | | Investment | Redemption | Dividend Distribution |
|--------|------------------------------|---|------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| S. No. | Name | Designation | | (Number of Units) | |
| 1 | Muhammad Saqib Saleem | Chief Executive Officer | - | - | - |
| 2 | Muhammad Asif Mehdi Rizvi | Chief Operating Officer | 29,953 | 3,536 | 3,858 |
| 3 | Abdul Basit | Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary | - | - | - |
| 4 | Fahad Sultan | Chief Internal Auditor | - | - | - |

External Auditors

The fund's external auditors, **Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants**, have expressed their willingness to continue as the fund auditors for the ensuing year ending June 30, 2018. The audit committee of the Board has recommended reappointment of, **Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants** as auditors of the fund for the year ending June 30, 2018.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The Board is thankful to the Fund's valued investors, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the Trustees of the Fund for their continued cooperation and support. The Directors also appreciate the e orts put in by the management team.

On behalf of Directors,

Muhammad Saqib Saleem

Chief Executive O cer Karachi: August 4, 2017 Nasim Beg

Director / Vice Chairman

ڈائر کیٹرزر پورٹ

خارجی آڈیٹرز

فنڈ کے خارجی آڈیٹرز 'ارنسٹ اینڈینگ فورڈ رھوڈ ز چارٹرڈ ایکا وَنٹنٹس' نے 30 جون 2018 ، کوختم ہونے والے اگلے سال کے لئے فنڈ کے آڈیٹرز کے طور پر کام جاری رکھنے کے لئے رضامندی ظاہر کی ہے۔ بورڈ کی آڈٹ کمیٹی نے 30 جون 2018ء کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے 'ارنسٹ اینڈ ینگ فورڈ رہوڈ ز چارٹرڈ ا کا ونٹنٹس' کی فنڈ کے آڈیٹرز کے طور پر دوبارہ تقرری کی سفارش کی ہے۔

. بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز فنڈ کے گراں قدرسر مایہ کاروں ،سکیورٹیز اینڈ ایمپیخ کمیشن آف پاکستان اور فنڈ کے Trustees کی مسلسل معاونت اور پشت پناہی کے لئے شکر گزار ہے۔علاوہ ازیں،ڈائر یکٹرزمینجمنٹ ٹیم کی کوششوں کوبھی خراج شخسین پیش کر تے ہیں۔

من جانب ڈائر یکٹرز،

مردا قب سليم محمد ثاقب سليم چيف ا مگيز مکثور فيسر

04 اگست 2017ء

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ڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ

| | میٹنگز کی تعداد | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| منظورشده رخصت | حاضري | مطلوبه حاضري | منعقده میثنگز کی تعداد | ام |
| 3 | 3 | 6 | 6 | 1. جناب ہارون رشید |
| 1 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 2. جناب صدا ب حبيب |
| - | 6 | 6 | 6 | 3. جناب احمد جها نگير |
| - | 6 | 6 | 6 | 4. جناب شيم بيگ |
| - | 2 | 2 | 6 | 5. مرزاقمربیگ |

ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ رمیونریشن کمیٹی کی میٹنگ

دورانِ سال ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ رمیونریشن کمیٹی کی جار (04) میٹنگز منعقد ہوئیں۔شرکاء کی حاضری درج ذیل ہے:

| | میٹنگز کی تعداد | | | • |
|---------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| منظورشده رخصت | حاضري | مطلوبه حاضري | منعقده میٹنگز کی تعداد | نام |
| - | 4 | 4 | 4 | 1. جناب سيّد سلمان شاه |
| - | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2. جناب سیم بیگ |
| - | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3. جناب احمد جها نگير |
| 1 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4. جناب ہارون رشید |
| - | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5. جناب محمد ثاقب مليم |

n. دورانِ سال مینجنٹ کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹرز، چیف ایگزیٹوآفیسر، چیف آپریٹنگ آفیسر، چیف فنانشل آفیسر، کمپنی سیکرٹری اور چیف انٹرل آڈیٹر اوران کے شوہر اکی ہوی اور نابالغ بچوں نے فنڈ کے پیٹس کی خرید فروخت کی۔

| ڈ یو پڈنڈ کی تقسیم | رڈ ئیپشن | سر مایه کاری | عبده | نام | نمبرشار |
|---------------------------|----------|--------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------|
| - | í | • | چیف ایگزیکٹوآفیسر | محمدثا قب سليم | .1 |
| 3,858 | 3,536 | 29,953 | چیف آپریٹنگ آفیسر | محرآ صف مهدی رضوی | .2 |
| - | - | - | چیف فنانشل آفیسراور کمپنی سیرٹری | عبدالباسط | .3 |
| - | - | ·- | چيف انٹرنل آ ڈيٹر | فهدسلطان | .4 |

شعبوں میں تر قیاتی عمل متوقع طور پر مارکیٹ کی کارکر دگی میں مثبت کر دارا دا کرے گا۔

ہم اُمید کرتے ہیں کہآنے والے مہینوں میں اُصول سیاسی شور پر غالب ہوں گے، کیونکہ ہماری مارکیٹ PER کے PER برتی ہوئی مارکیٹس کو 30 فیصد ڈسکاؤنٹ ہے) جس سے شرحوں کے دوبارہ تعین کے لئے حالات سازگار ہوں گے۔علاوہ ازیں،انٹریسٹ کی پیت شرحیں مقررہ آمدنی کے منافعوں کو پست رکھے ہوئے ہیں، جس سے ایکویٹی مارکیٹ کی طرف مزید لیکویڈٹی مائل ہورہی ہے۔ KSE-100 انڈیکس میں فی الوقت ایکویٹی کے خطرات کے 3 فیصد پریمیئم پرتجارت ہورہی ہے اور 5.5 فیصد ڈیویڈنڈ فراہم ہوتا ہے۔

كاربوريث گورنينس

فنڈ کار پوریٹ گورنینس کےاعلیٰ ترین معیارات نافذ کرنے کے لئے کوشاں ہے۔ بورڈ میں تین(3) خودمختارڈ ائر بکٹرز ہیں،اورمینجمنٹ کمپنی کی گورننگ باڈی کےطور پر بورڈ عمدہ کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے لئے یونٹ ہولڈرز کو جوابدہ ہے۔انظامیہ کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے ضابطہءا خلاق میں متعین کردہ بہترین طریقوں ہے متعلق شقوں، خاص طور پرغیرا یگزیکٹوڈائر بکٹرز کی خودمختاری کے حوالے ہے ثق ، کی بدستورتغمیل کررہی ہے۔ فنڈیا کستان اسٹاک ایکیجنج کے لسٹنگ ضوابط کے مطابق کاروبار چلانے پر بدستورکار بند کے جس میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزاورا نظامیہ کے کرداراور ذمہداریوں کو بالنفضیل واضح کیا گیاہے۔ ذیل میں کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے ضابطہ واخلاق کی شرائط کی تمیل کے لئے خصوصی نکات واضح کیے جارہے ہیں:

.a مالیاتی گوشوارے فنڈ کے معاملات کی صورتحال ،اس کی سرگرمیوں کے نتائج ، نقذ کی آمدورفت اورا یکو نیٹی میں تبدیلیوں کی منصفانہ عکاسی کرتے ہیں۔

b. فنڈ کی درُست بکس آف ا کا وَنٹس تیار کی گئی ہیں۔

c مالياتی گوشواروں کی تياري ميں موزوں ا کاؤنٹنگ ياليسيوں کااطلاق کيا گيا ہے اورا کاؤنٹنگ تخيينے معقول اورمختاط اندازوں رہنی ہیں۔

d. مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں بین الاقوامی مالیاتی ریورٹنگ کے معیارات، جس حد تک ان کا یا کستان میں اطلاق ہوتا ہے، Non- بینکنگ فنانس کمپنیز (اسابلشمنٹ اورریگیولیشنز) کےضوابط، 2003ء، Non- بینکنگ فنانس اینڈنوٹیفائیڈانٹٹٹید: ریگیولیشنز، 2008ء ، متعلقہ ٹرسٹ Deeds کی شرائط اور سیکیورٹیزاینڈا میجیجیج کمیشن آف یا کستان کی جاری کردہ ہدایات کی تعمیل کی گئی ہے۔

e. انٹرنل کنٹرول کا نظام مشحکم خطوط پراستوار اور نافذ ہے اوراس کی مؤثر نگرانی کی جاتی ہے، اوراسے مزید بہتر بنانے کی کوششیں جاری ہیں۔

f. کمپنی کے کاروبار حاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت میں کوئی شبہات نہیں ہیں۔

g. اسٹنگ قوانین میں تفصیلاً بیان کردہ کارپوریٹ گورنینس کی بہترین روایات ہے کوئی قابلِ ذکرانح افنہیں کیا گیاہے۔

h. کارپوریٹ گورنینس کےضابطہءاخلاق کےمطابق مطلوبہ کلیدی مالیاتی اعدادوشار کا خلاصہ مالیاتی گوشواروں کے ساتھ ملحق ہے۔

i. واجبُ الا داءٌ سيسز، ڈیوٹیز مجصولات اور چار جز (اگر کوئی ہیں تو) ملحقہ آ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشواروں میں مکمل طور برخا ہر کیے گئے ہیں۔

j. براویڈنٹ فنڈ میں سر مانیکاریوں کی مالیت کے اسٹیٹمنٹ کا اطلاق فنڈیز نہیں ہوتا لیکن مینجنٹ کمپنی پر ہوتا ہے، چنانچے مینجنٹ کمپنی کی ڈائر یکٹرزریورٹ میں اس حوالے سے کوئی معلومات ظاہر ہیں کی گئی ہیں۔

k. تمام ڈائر کیٹرز' ڈائر کیٹرزٹر بننگ پروگرام' کورس مکمل کر چکے ہیں یا خاطرخواہ تجربے کی بنیاد پراس ہے مشتنیٰ ہیں۔

 این بی ایف سی کے قواعد وضوابط اور کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے ضابطہ ءاخلاق کے تحت مطلوب یونٹ ہولڈنگ کا تفصیلی خاکہ مالیاتی گوشواروں کے ساتھ کھتی ہے۔ m. بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی میٹنگ میں حاضری کی تفصیلات مالیاتی گوشواروں میں ظاہر کی گئی ہیں۔ 30 جون 2017 وکونتم ہونے والے سال کے دوران ہونے والى كمىڻي ميٹنگز كى تفصيلات درج ذيل ہن:

آ ڈیٹ کمیٹی کی مٹنگ

دوران سال آ ڈٹ ممیٹی کی چھ (06) میٹنگر منعقد ہوئیں۔شرکاء کی حاضری درج ذیل ہے:

ڈائر کیٹرزر بورٹ

دوسری ششاہی میں پیداواری خم سیدھار ہا، جبکہ اسٹیٹ بینک آف یا کستان نے لِکو یُد ٹی کا انظام خاطر خواہ حد تک چلایا۔

ر مارکٹ میں شریعہ انسٹر ومنٹس کی رسد کمزور رہی کیونکہ اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان نے مالی سال 2017ء میں مقررہ شرح پرینٹل کی ترتیب پرمبنی صرف ایک اجارہ سکگ نیلامی کا انعقاد کیا جس نے 5.24 فیصد منافع جات پیش کیے اور میچور ہونے والے 50 بلین روپے کے اجارہ سکگ کے بالمقابل 71 بلین روپے قرض حاصل کیے۔ چنانچے اسلامی سرمایے کاری کے مواقع کی قلت کی نشاندہی ہوئی۔

فنڈ کی کارکردگی

زیرِ جائزہ مدّت کے دوران فنڈ کا ایک سال پرمحیط منافع 8.34 فیصد تھا جومقررہ معیار 6.07 فیصد کے مقابلے میں 2.27 فیصد زیادہ ہے۔ فنڈ کی سرمایہ کاری کا تناسب کمرشل مبیکوں میں بڑھادیا گیا کیونکہ کمرشل بینک دیگر مارکیٹ انسٹر ومنٹس کے مقابلے میں نسبتًا پُرکشش منافع پیش کررہے تھے۔

30 جون 2017ء کوفنڈ کے net اثاثہ جات 628 ملکن روپے تھے، جو 30 جون 2016ء کو 1,993 ملکن روپے کے مقابلے میں 68.49 فیصد کی ہے۔

. 30 جون 2017ءکو net اٹا شہباتی قدر (NAV) فی یونٹ 50.2794 روپے تھی، جوآغازِمدّت یعنی 30 جون2016ءکو 50.2062 روپے فی یونٹ کے مقابلے میں 0.0732 روپے فی یونٹ اضافہ ہے۔

متنقبل كامنظر

گزشتہ چند برسوں میں حاصل ہونے والے خطیر منافع جات تیل کی قیمتوں میں کمی کے ثمرات ہیں جس کی بدولت خارجی ا کاؤنٹ، CPI، ڈسکاؤنٹ کی شرح اور شی کہ مالیاتی ا کاؤنٹ کی بھی صورتحال سبسڈیز کے بوجھ میں کمی کے اعتبار سے بہتر ہوئی۔ بین الاقوا می اشیاء کامستقبل ابھی تک ناہموار نظر آتا ہے اور کرنٹ ا کاؤنٹ کے بڑھتے ہوئے خسارے کے باعث مستقبل کی را ہیں مشکلات سے پُر نظر آر ہی ہیں۔

مالی سال 2017ء میں 27 بلین ڈالر کا تجارتی خسارہ CPEC کے تحت مشیزی کی درآ مدات کے باعث مزید بڑھ سکتا ہے اور متعدد مقامی کیپیٹل منصوبے درآ مدات کے بل پر غالب ہوں گے۔ دوسری جانب ٹیکٹائل پیکے کے تحت رئیٹس کے حوالے سے حکومت کی خاموثی اور زرِ مبادلہ کے ذخائر کے ذریعے پاکسانی روپے کی معاونت کرنے کے لئے حکومت کی خاموثی اور تر سیاات زر کی کمز ورصور تحال کی روپے کی معاونت کرنے کے لئے حکومت کی باعث برآ مدات متوقع طور پر دباؤ میں رہیں گی۔ بڑھتے ہوئے تجارتی خسارے اور تر سیاات زر کی کمز ورصور تحال کی بنیاد پر ہم اگلے سال کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ کے خسارے کو 15 بلین ڈالر (مجموعی مُلکی پیداوار کا 4 فیصد) تک پہنچ گیا تھا۔ کے بحران میں پیدا ہونے والے حالات سے اب بھی بہت دور ہے، جب کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ کا خسارہ 14 بلین ڈالر (مجموعی مُلکی پیداوار کا 8 فیصد) تک پہنچ گیا تھا۔ تاہم بڑھتے ہوئے کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ کے خسارے کے ساتھ ساتھ انٹریٹ کی ادائیگی کے باعث مالی سال 2018ء میں 18-18 بلین ڈالر کی مالیت کی فرا ہمی کی ضرورت پیدا ہوسکتی ہے، جس کے باعث یا کسانی روپے کی قدر میں کی کا واضح امکان ہے۔

کنزیوم پرائس انڈیکس (CPI) مالی سال 2018ء میں مناسب حد تک قابومیس رہےگا۔ ہمارے اندازے کے مطابق مالی سال 2018ء میں افراط زر کا اوسط 4.5 فیصد ہوگا۔ اگر چہروپے کی قدر میں کمی اور اشیاء کی قیمتوں کے باعث تخمینوں کو خطرات لاحق ہیں الیکن توقع ہے کہ الگھ سال CPI کی پست سطح کے سبب مدّت قریب میں مالیاتی تنگی کی ضرورت نہیں پڑے گی۔

انٹریٹ کی بیت شرح کے ماحول کے ساتھ ساتھ CPEC سے نسلک منصوبوں کی بنیاد پر حکومت کا مجموعی مُلکی پیداوار کا 6 فیصد ہدف زیادہ بلندنہیں معلوم ہوتا، اگر خارجی اکا ؤنٹ کا جھٹا اور سیاسی عدم استحکام ترقی کی گاڑی کو پڑی ہے اُتار نہ دے۔

ا یکویٹی مارکیٹ پانامامئلے کے نتیجی بنیاد پراپناا گلاقدم طے کرنے کے لئے تیارہے۔مارکیٹا پنے عروج سے تقریبًا 13 فیصدزوال کے بعد بظاہروز پر اعظم ہاؤس میں تبدیلی کے خطرے کے حوالے سے احتیاطی تدابیرا ختیار کرچک ہے، تاہم عدالتی فیصلے کے نتیج میں پی ایم ایل (این) کاشیرازہ بھرنے اوروز پرخزانہ کی نااہلیت سے مختصرالمیعاد مارکیٹ کے حالات مزید بگڑ سکتے ہیں کیونکہ پیا گلے انتخابات میں معلّق یارلیمنٹ کے امکانات کا اشارہ ہوگا۔

روپے کی قدر میں کمی، انٹریٹ کی شرح میں اضافہ اور معاثی ترقی آئندہ مالی سال میں سرمایہ کار بھان طے کرنے والےعوامل ہوں گے۔روپے کے ضعف سے مثبت طور پر منسلک شعبے مثلًا کمرشل بینک، ایکسپلوریشن اینڈ پروڈکشن اور بجلی متوقع طور پر شد سرخیوں میں آ جائیں گے۔علاوہ ازیں ، بجلی، اسٹیل بغیرات اور صارفی

ڈائر کیٹرزر بورٹ

عزيزسر ماييكار

بورڈ آف والے سال کے اکا ونٹس کا کیش مینجنٹ فنڈ کے 30 جون 2017ء کو اختتام پذیر ہونے والے سال کے اکا ونٹس کا جائزہ پیش خدمت ہے۔

معيشت اورياز ارزر كالمجموعي حائزه

مالی سال 2017ء میں پاکتان کی معیشت نے 5.28 فیصد تی کی جوگزشته دس سالوں میں سب سے زیادہ ترقی ہے۔اگر چہ 5.7 فیصد کا ہدف حاصل نہ ہو سکا کیکن اس کے باوجودا سخکام کے مرحلے سے ترقی کی بلند شرح کی طرف سفر خوش آئند ہے۔ زرعی شعبہ سب سے آگر ہاجس نے ایک سال قبل 0.26 فیصد تی کی کیکن اس کے باوجودا سخکام کے مرحلے سے ترقی کی بلند شرح کی طرف سفر خوش آئند ہے۔ زرعی شعبہ سب سے آگر ہاجس نے ایک سال قبل کی معاونت سروسز نے 6 فیصد میں کی کہ کی سے بیانے کے مینوفی کی جرنگ شعبے نے میں مارس میں اہم ترین کر دار صارفی انتہری اور تو انائی کے شعبوں نے ادا کیا۔ گاڑیوں کے شعبہ نے دوعد د پر مشتمل ترقی کی بولت تعیم اس شعبے میں ما نگ برطقی رہی اور مقامی OEMs نے ماڈل متعارف کرائے۔ CPEC سے منسلک اور دیگر انفر اسٹر کچرکی سرمایہ کاری کی بدولت تعیم اسک سنعتوں مثل اسٹیل اور سینٹ کوقی سے فراہم ہونے کا ممل جاری رہا۔

خارجی رُخ پر درآ مدات میں 17.7 فیصد اضافے اور برآ مدات میں 1.4 فیصد کی کے باعث تجارتی خسارہ وسیع ہوکر مالی سال 2017ء میں 26.9 بلین ڈالر ہوگیا جبکہ ایک سال قبل 19.3 بلین ڈالر تعنی 21 فیصد زیادہ ترتی کی صورت میں ادا ہوگیا جبکہ ایک سال قبل 19.3 بلین ڈالر تعنی 21 فیصد زیادہ ترتی کی صورت میں ادا کیا۔ دوسر نے نمبر پرخوراک (15 فیصد ۲۵۷ اضافہ) اور مشینری (10 فیصد ۲۵۷ اضافه) کے شعبے رہے۔ تیل کی قیمتوں میں اضافے ،گیس کی کی کو پورا کرنے کے لئے ایل این جی کی درآ مدات ، صارفی مصنوعات کی مانگ میں تیزی سے بڑھتے ہواضافے ، اور مختلف منصوبوں کے لئے کیپیل اشیاء کی درآ مد کے باعث مالی سال 2017ء میں درآ مدات کا بل ڈ 48.5 بلین ڈالر تک پہنچ گیا۔

مالی سال 2017ء میں ترسیل زرگزشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں 3.08 فیصد کی کاشکار ہوکر 19.3 بلین ڈالر ہوگئیں،اوراس کے اہم ترین اسباب مشرقِ وُسطّی میں روزگار کی صورتحال اور عالمی سطحیر متوقع سے کم حصولیات ہیں۔

مندرجہ بالا دواسباب (ترسیلِ زرمیں کی اور [°]CA خسارے میں اضافے) کے نتیجے میں غیرز رِمبادلہ کے ذخائر پر دباؤبڑھ رہاہے، جو زیرِ جائزہ سال کے اختتام پر 21.368 بلیّن ڈالر تھے، اور پہیم جولائی 2016ء سے تاحال 1.72 بلیّن ڈالر کی ہے۔

عرب لائٹ کی اوسط قیمتوں میں 19 فیصد YoY اضافے کے باوجود CPI کی سطح پینت رہی اوراس میں مالی سال 2017ء کے دوران 4.15 فیصد اضافیہ ہوا، جس کی سب سے بڑی وجہ خوراک مقل وحمل اور رہائش کرائے کے شعبوں میں قابلی ذکر ترقی ہے۔

REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Fund Type and Category

Pakistan Cash Management Fund (PCF) is an open-end Monry Market Fund

Fund Benchmark

The benchmark for Pakistan Cash Management Fund is 70% three(3) months PKRV rates + 30% three (3) months average deposit rates of three (3) AA rated scheduled Banks selected by MUFAP.

Investment Objective

The fund aims to deliver regular income and provide high level of liquidity primarily from short duration government securities investments.

Investment Strategy

The Fund will invest in government securities; mainly Treasury bills and short maturity reverse repurchase transactions against Government Securities. The un-invested funds are kept in deposits with minimum AA rated commercial banks. The overall maturity of the portfolio is kept below 45 days, in order to keep interest rate risk at a relatively low and manageable level and provide high liquidity to investors comparable to current bank deposits. PCF is a long only Fund.

Manager's Review

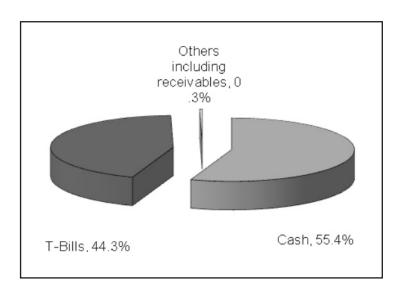
During the period under review, the fund generated an annualized return of 8.34% as against its benchmark return of 6.07%, an outperformance of 2.27%.

The fund's exposure was shifted towards cash as commercial banks o ered relatively attractive returns compared to current yield of other money market instruments.

The Net Assets of the Fund as at June 30, 2017 stood at Rs. 628 million as compared to Rs. 1,993 million as at June 30, 2016 registering a decrease of 68.49%.

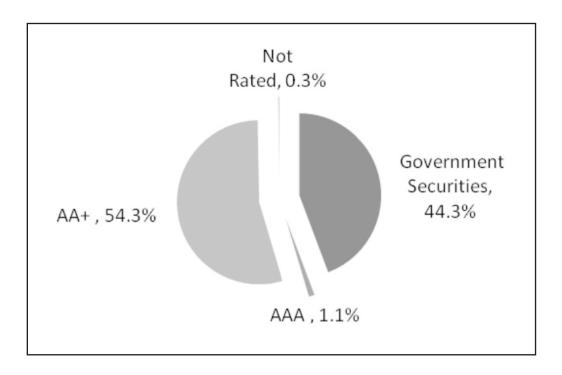
The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2017 was Rs. 50.2794 as compared to opening NAV of Rs. 50.2062 per unit as at June 30, 2016 registering an increase of Rs. 0.0732 per unit.

Asset Allocation as on June 30, 2017 (% of total assets)



REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Asset Quality as on June 30, 2017 (% of total assets)



Saad Ahmed Fund Manager

Karachi: August 04, 2017

TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017



MCB FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

PAKISTAN CASH MANAGEMENT FUND

Report of the Trustee Pursuant to Regulation 41(h) of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

Pakistan Cash Management Fund, an open-end Scheme established under a Trust Deed initially executed between Arif Habib Investments Limited as Management Company and Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited as Trustee. The Trust Deed was approved by Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) on February 01, 2008 and was executed on February 08, 2008. The Trust Deed was subsequently amended through a supplemental Trust Deed dated July 21, 2014 according to which Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited stands retired and MCB Financial Services Limited is appointed as the Trustee of the Fund. The effective date of change of trustee is August 20, 2014.

Pursuant to the merger of MCB Asset Management Company Limited with and into Arif Habib Investments Limited (AHIL), the name of AHIL had been changed to MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited effective from June 27, 2011.

- MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited, the Management Company of Pakistan Cash Management Fund has, in all material respects, managed Pakistan Cash Management Fund during the year ended 30th June 2017 in accordance with the provisions of the following:
 - Investment limitations imposed on the Asset Management Company and the Trustee under the trust deed and other applicable laws;
 - the valuation or pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement;
 - (iii) the creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed:
 - (iv) and any regulatory requirement

M

Karachi: August 2, 2017

Khawaja Ariwar Hussain Chief Executive Officer MCB Financial Services Limited

gin as

4th Floor, Perdesi House, 2/1, R-Y-16, Old Queens Road, Karachi - 74200 Direct Nos. 021-32430485, 32415454, 32415204, 32428731 PABX No. 021-32419770, Fax No. 021-32416371 Website: http://www.mcbfsl.com.pk

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

This statement is being presented by the Board of Directors of MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited, the Management Company of Pakistan Cash Management to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance (the code) contained in regulation # 5.19 of chapter 5 of the Rule Book of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The company has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

1. The Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors on its Board of Directors. At present the Board includes

| Category | Names | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Independent Directors | 1. | Dr. Syed Salman Ali Shah | | | |
| | 2. | Mr. Haroun Rashid | | | |
| | 3. | Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg | | | |
| Executive Directors | 1. | Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem-Chief | | | |
| | | Executive O cer | | | |
| Non – Executive Directors | 1. | Mian Mohammad Mansha-Chairman | | | |
| | 2. | Mr. Ahmed Jehangir | | | |
| | 3. | Mr. Samad Habib | | | |
| | 4. | Mr. Nasim Beg – Vice Chairman | | | |

The independent directors meet the criteria of independence under clause 5.19.1 (b) of the Code.

- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 3. All the resident directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a broker of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- 4. During the period no casual vacancy occurred on the board of the Company.
- 5. The Company has prepared a 'Code of Conduct' and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- The Board has developed vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A
 complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been
 maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO, other executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the Board.
- 8. Out of the total eight meetings only one meeting of the Board was presided over by the chairman which was held on August 5, 2016. Five meetings were presided over by Mr. Nasim Beg and two meetings were presided by Dr. Syed Salman Ali Shah duly elected by the board for the purpose and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 9. During the year, one director Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg was included on the Board of Directors and is complied with the Director's Training Programme. All remaining directors on the board already possess the required training or are exempt on the basis of specified qualification and experience as required by the Code.
- 10. Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit continued their services and there was no change in these positions during the year. The Chief Financial O cer was appointed during the year on February 02, 2017 and the board has approved the remuneration and terms and conditions of the employment of the CFO.
- 11. The Directors' Report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

- 12. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.
- 13. The Directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- 14. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
- 15. The Board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises of four members, all of whom are non-executive directors including the chairman of the committee who is an independent director.
- 16. The meetings of the Audit Committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Company as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the Committee have been formed and advised to the Committee for compliance.
- 17. The Board has formed an HR and Remuneration Committee. It comprises of five members, of whom four are non-executive directors and one is executive Director and the chairman of the committee is also a non-executive director.
- 18. The Board has set up an e ective internal audit function, the members of which are suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company.
- 19. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 21. The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interim/final results, and business decisions, which may materially a ect the market price of company's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchange.
- 22. Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange.
- 23. The Board has formulated a mechanism for an annual evaluation of its own performance. The evaluation has been done in the board meeting held on August 04, 2017.
- 24. The company has complied with the requirements relating to maintenance of register of persons having access to inside information by designated senior management of cer in a timely manner and maintained proper record including basis for inclusion or exclusion of names of persons from the said list.
- 25. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the Code have been complied with.

On behalf of the Board

Muhammad Saqib Saleem Chief Executive O cer

Karachi: August 04, 2017

Nasim Beg

Director / Vice Chairman

REVIEW REPORT TO UNIT HOLDERS ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE BEST PRACTICES OF THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE



EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants Progressive Plaza, Beaumont Road P.O. Box 15541, Karachi 75530 Pakistan Tel: +9221 3565 0007-11 Fax: +9221 3568 1965 ey.khi@pk.ey.com ev.com/ok

REVIEW REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE BEST PRACTICES OF THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices (the Statement) contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) prepared by the Board of Directors (the Board) of MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited, the Management Company of Pakistan Cash Management Fund (the Fund), for the year ended 30 June 2017 to comply with the requirements of Regulation No. 5.19.24 of Rule Book of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited where the Fund is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of the Management Company of the Fund. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement reflects the status of the Management Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code in respect of the Fund and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Management Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Management Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements, we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Management Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Management Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board for their review and approval the Fund's related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement does not appropriately reflect the Management Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2017.

Chartered Accountants

6 Lulh

Karachi

Date: 04 August 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017



EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants Progressive Plaza, Beaumont Road P.O. Box 15541, Karachi 75530 Pakistan Tel: +9221 3565 0007-11 Fax: +9221 3568 1965 ey.khi@pk.ey.com ey.com/pk

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Pakistan Cash Management Fund** (the Fund), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at **30 June 2017**, and the related statements of income, comprehensive income, cash flows, distribution and movement in unit holders' fund for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

The Management Company of the Fund is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the requirements of approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017



-: 2 :-

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Fund's affairs as at 30 June 2017 and of its financial performance, cash flows and transactions for the year then ended in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Other matter

The financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016 were audited by another firm of Chartered Accountants whose audit report, dated 05 August 2016, expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In our opinion, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 and Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

Chartered Accountants

Enfelle

Audit Engagement Partner: Shabbir Yunus

Date: 04 August 2017

Karachi

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT JUNE 30, 2017

| | | June 30, 2017 | June 30, 2016 |
|--|------|------------------|------------------|
| | Note | (Rupees in | n '000) |
| ASSETS | | | |
| Balances with banks | 6 | 362,099 | 756,620 |
| Investments | 7 | 289,584 | 1,274,258 |
| Mark-up and other receivables | 8 | 1,784 | 2,038 |
| Advances and prepayments | 9 | 383 | 224 |
| Total assets | | 653,850 | 2,033,140 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Payable to the Management Company | 10 | 1,156 | 932 |
| Annual fee payable to the Securities and | | | |
| Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) | | 9 | - |
| Accrued and other liabilities | 12 | 24,852 | 39,226 |
| Total liabilities | _ | 26,017 | 40,158 |
| NET ASSETS | | 627,833 | 1,992,982 |
| Unit holders' fund (as per statement attached) | = | 627,833 | 1,992,982 |
| Contingencies and commitments | 13 | | |
| | | (Number o | f units) |
| NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE | = | 12,486,887 | 39,695,909 |
| | | (Rupe | es) |
| NET ASSETS VALUE PER UNIT | _ | 50.2794 | 50.2062 |

The notes 1 to 21 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive O cer Chief Financial O cer

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

| | Note | June 30, 2017 (Rupees in | June 30, 2016 '000) |
|--|------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Income | , - | | |
| Profit on bank deposits | | 21,481 | 9,571 |
| Income from Government securities | | 63,948 | 74,744 |
| Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation in the value of investments | | (11) | 20 |
| Net (loss) / gain on sale of investments | | (246) | 1,127 |
| Other income | | 126 | 31 |
| Total income | | 85,298 | 85,493 |
| Expenses | | | |
| Remuneration of the Management Company | | 8,532 | 8,545 |
| Sales tax and federal excise duty on | | | |
| remuneration of Management Company | 15 | 1,109 | 2,755 |
| Remuneration of the Trustee | 10.2 | 68 | - |
| Sales tax on trustee fee | | 2 | - |
| Annual fee to SECP | 11 | 9 | - |
| Expenses allocated by Management | | | |
| Company and related taxes | 5 | 1,594 | 597 |
| Brokerage expenses | | 141 | 148 |
| Auditors' remuneration | | 10 | - |
| Legal and professional charges | | 9 | - |
| Reversal of provision for Workers' Welfare Fund | 12.1 | (25,683) | - |
| Total operating expenses | _ | (14,209) | 12,045 |
| Net income from operating activities | _ | 99,507 | 73,448 |
| Element of loss and capital losses included in the | | | |
| prices of units sold less those in units redeemed | | | |
| - from realised / unrealised capital loss | | (65,140) | (817) |
| - from other income / (loss) | | 388 | (52,726) |
| | _ | (64,752) | (53,543) |
| Net income for the year before taxation | - | 34,755 | 19,905 |
| Taxation | 4.16 | - | - |
| Net income for the year after taxation | <u>-</u> | 34,755 | 19,905 |

The annexed notes from 1 to 21 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive O cer

Chief Financial O cer

STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

| | June 30, 2017 (Rupees | June 30, 2016 in '000) |
|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Net income for the year after taxation | 34,755 | 19,905 |
| Other comprehensive income | - | - |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 34,755 | 19,905 |

The annexed notes from 1 to 21 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive O cer

Chief Financial O cer

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

| | June 30, 2017 | June 30, 2016 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| | (Rupees in | 1 '000) |
| Undistributed income brought forward comprises of: | | |
| - Realised income | 4,974 | 4,289 |
| - Unrealised income / (loss) | 20 | (77) |
| Undistributed income brought forward - net | 4,994 | 4,212 |
| Final distribution: | | |
| - Cash distribution: for the year ended June 30, 2017 declared | | |
| on June 22, 2017 of Rs.4.07 per unit | (33,812) | - |
| -Final cash distribution for the year ended June 30, 2016 distributed | | |
| at Rs.2.89 per unit (Declared on June 22, 2016) | - | (17,526) |
| Element of income and capital gains included in the | | |
| prices of units sold less those in units | | |
| redeemed - amount representing unrealised income | (5,640) | (1,597) |
| Net income for the year | 34,755 | 19,905 |
| | (4,697) | 782 |
| Undistributed income carried forward | 297 | 4,994 |
| Undistributed income carried forward comprises of: | | _ |
| Chaistribatea income carried for ward comprises on | | |
| - Realised income | 308 | 4,974 |
| - Unrealised (loss) / income | (11) | 20 |
| | 297 | 4,994 |
| | | -7 |

The annexed notes from 1 to 21 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive O cer Chief Financial O cer

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN UNIT HOLDER'S FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

| | June 30, 2017 | June 30, 2016 |
|---|-------------------------|------------------------|
| | (Rupees in | '000) |
| Net assets at the beginning of the year | 1,992,982 | 1,442,250 |
| Issue 82,459,591 units (2016: 91,222,263 units) | 4,345,825 | 4,643,997 |
| Redemption 109,668,613 units (2016: 80,287,158 units) | (5,776,669) (1,430,844) | (4,149,187) 494,810 |
| Element of loss and capital losses included in prices of units sold less those in units redeemed | (1,130,011) | 19 1,610 |
| - amount representing loss and capital losses - | | |
| transferred to Income Statement | | |
| - from realised / unrealised capital loss | 65,140 | 817 |
| - from other (income) / loss | (388) | 52,726 |
| - amount representing unrealised income and | | |
| capital gains that forms part of the unit holders' | | |
| fund transferred to distribution statement | 5,640 | 1,597 |
| | 70,392 | 55,140 |
| Net income for the year transferred from the distribution statement | | |
| Capital (loss) / gain on sale of investments - net | (246) | 1,127 |
| Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement | | ŕ |
| of investments classified 'at fair value | | |
| through profit or loss' - held-for-trading' | (11) | 20 |
| Other net income for the year | 35,012 | 18,758 |
| Element of income and capital gains | | |
| included in the prices of units sold less those in | (5 (40) | (1.507) |
| units redeemed - amount representing unrealised income Distributions made during the year (refer distribution statement) | (5,640) | (1,597) (17,526) |
| Distributions made during the year (ferei distribution statement) | (33,812) (4,697) | 782 |
| | (4,077) | 762 |
| Net assets at the end of the year | 627,833 | 1,992,982 |
| | (Number o | f units) |
| NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE | 12,486,887 | 39,695,909 |
| | (Rupe | |
| | , - | , |
| NET ASSETS VALUE PER UNIT | 50.2794 | 50.2062 |
| | | |

The notes 1 to 21 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

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Chief Executive O cer Chief Financial O cer

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

| | Note | June 30, 2017 (Rupees ir | June 30, 2016 |
|---|------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | Note | (Kupees II | 1 000) |
| Net income for the year before taxation | | 34,755 | 19,905 |
| Adjustments for: Net unrealised diminution / (appreciation) in the fair value of investments classified 'at fair value through profit or loss' - held-for-trading' | | 11 | (20) |
| Element of loss and capital loss included in the | | | |
| prices of units sold less those in units redeemed: - from realised / unrealised capital loss | | 65,140 | 817 |
| - from other (income) / loss | | (388) | 52,726 |
| | _ | 99,518 | 73,428 |
| Decrease / (increase) in assets | | | |
| Investments | Г | 1,129,115 | (190,690) |
| Mark-up and other receivables | | 254 | 1,083 |
| Advances and prepayments | | (159) | (4) |
| | | 1,129,210 | (189,611) |
| Decrease in liabilities | _ | | |
| Payable to the Management Company | | 224 | (357) |
| Annual fee payable to SECP | | 9 | (740,070) |
| Accrued and other liabilities | | (14,374) (14,141) | (749,870) (750,227) |
| Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities | _ | 1,214,587 | (866,410) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Net receipts against issue of units | Г | 4,345,825 | 4,643,997 |
| Net payments on redemption of units | | (5,776,669) | (4,149,187) |
| Dividend paid | | (33,812) | (17,526) |
| Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities | _ | (1,464,656) | 477,284 |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the year | _ | (250,069) | (389,126) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year | | 786,568 | 1,175,694 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year | 15 | 536,499 | 786,568 |

The annexed notes from 1 to 21 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive O cer

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited

(Management Company)

Chief Financial O cer

1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 Pakistan Cash Management Fund (the Fund) was established under a Trust Deed executed between Arif Habib Investments Limited (AHIL) as Management Company and Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited as Trustee on February 08, 2008.
- 1.2 Pursuant to the merger of MCB Asset Management Company Limited with and into Arif Habib Investments Limited (AHIL), the name of AHIL has been changed to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited.
- 1.3 The Management Company of the Fund obtained the requisite license from the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) to undertake asset management services under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules). The registered office of the Management Company is situated at 24th Floor, Centre Point, Off. Shaheed-e-Millat Expressway, Near KPT Interchange, Karachi, Pakistan.
- 1.4 The Fund is categorised as "money market scheme" and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Fund primarily invests in Market treasury bills, short term Government instruments and reverse repurchase transactions against government securities.
- 1.5 Units are offered for public subscription on a continuous basis. The units are transferable and can be redeemed by surrendering them to the Fund.
- 1.6 The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) has assigned an asset manager rating of 'AM2++' dated June 23, 2017 to the Management Company.
- 1.7 Title to the assets of the Fund is held in the name of MCB Financial Services Limited as Trustee of the Fund.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the requirements of Trust Deed, the NBFC rules, the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations) and directives issued by the SECP. Wherever the requirements of the Trust Deed, the NBFC Regulations or directives issued by SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS, the requirements of the Trust Deed, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations or the directives issued by the SECP shall prevail.

2.2 New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments

The Fund has adopted the following accounting standard and the amendments and interpretation of IFRSs which became effective for the current year:

- IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements, IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities and
- IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception (Amendment)
- IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements Accounting for Acquisition of Interest in Joint Operation (Amendment)
- IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements Disclosure Initiative (Amendment)

- IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 intangible assets Clarification of Acceptable Method of Depreciation and Amortization (Amendment)
- IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment IAS 41 Agriculture Agriculture: Bearer Plants (Amendment)
- IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements (Amendment)

Improvements to Accounting Standards Issued by the IASB in September 2014

- IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations Changes in methods of disposal
- IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures Servicing contracts
- IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures Applicability of the offsetting disclosures to condensed interim financial statements
- IAS 19 Employee Benefits Discount rate: regional market issue
- IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting Disclosure of information 'elsewhere in the interim financial report'

The adoption of the above amendments, improvements to accounting standards and interpretations did not have any effect on the financial statements.

2.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

| | Effective date (annual periods beginning |
|---|--|
| Standard or Interpretation | on or after) |
| IFRS 2 – Share-based Payments – Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payments Transactions (Amendments) | January 01, 2018 |
| IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures - Sale or Contribution of Assets | |
| between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendment) | Not yet finalized |
| IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows - Disclosure Initiative - (Amendment) | January 01, 2017 |
| IAS 12 Income Taxes - Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized losses (Amendments) | January 01, 2017 |
| IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts: Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts – (Amendments) | January 01, 2018 |
| IAS 40 Investment Property: Transfers of Investment Property (Amendments) | January 01, 2018 |
| IFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration | January 01, 2018 |
| IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments | January 01, 2019 |

The above standards and amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the Fund's financial statements in the period of initial application.

In addition to the above standards and amendments, improvements to various accounting standards have also been issued by the IASB in December 2016. Such improvements are generally effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2018. The Fund expects that such improvements to the standards will not have any material impact on the Fund's financial statements in the period of initial application.

Further, following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

| Standards | IASB Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after) |
|--|--|
| IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement | January 01, 2018 |
| IFRS 14 – Regulatory Deferral Accounts | January 01, 2016 |
| IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers | January 01, 2018 |
| IFRS 16 – Leases | January 01, 2019 |
| IFRS 17 - Insurance Contracts | January 01, 2021 |

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

3.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for investments are measured at fair value.

3.2 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Judgments made by management in the application of accounting policies that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment are explained in notes 4.1 and 4.6 respectively.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial years except as described in note 2.2.

4.1 Financial assets

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

- financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss' held-for-trading;
- available-for-sale investments; and
- loans and receivables.

The management determines the appropriate classification of its financial assets in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39: 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement', at the time of initial recognition and re-evaluates this classification on a regular basis.

a) Financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss' - held-for-trading

These include held-for-trading investments and such other investments that, upon initial recognition, are designated under this category. Investments are classified as held-for-trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. After initial measurement, such investments are carried at fair value and gains or losses on revaluation are recognised in the income statement.

b) Available-for-sale

Available-for-sale financial assets are those non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or are not classified as (a) loans and receivables or (b) financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss' -held-for-trading. These are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time which may be sold in response to the needs for liquidity or change in price.

c) Loans and receivables

These are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market.

4.2 Regular way contracts

All purchases and sales of securities that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention are recognized at the trade date. Trade date is the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell assets.

4.3 Initial recognition and measurement

a) Financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss' - held-for-trading

These investments are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs are expensed in the income statement.

b) Available-for-sale and loans and receivables

These are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of such assets.

4.4 Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets designated by the management at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale are valued at fair values determined as follows:

a) Debt securities

The investment of the Fund in debt securities is valued on the basis of rates determined by the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) in accordance with the methodology prescribed by SECP for valuation of debt securities vide its Circular No. 1 dated January 06, 2009 as amended by Circular No. 33 dated October 24, 2012. In the determination of the rates, MUFAP takes into account the holding pattern of these securities and categorizes them as traded, thinly traded and non-traded securities. The circular also specifies the valuation process to be followed for each category as well as the criteria for the provisioning of non-performing debt securities.

b) Government securities

The investment of the Fund in government securities is valued on the basis of rates announced by the Financial Market Association of Pakistan, except the Government of Pakistan Ijarah Sukuks, which are obtained from MUFAP.

Net gains and losses arising on changes in the fair value of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are taken to the income statement.

Net gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets are taken to the 'statement of comprehensive income' until these are derecognized or impaired. At this time, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized directly in the 'statement of comprehensive income' is transferred to the 'income statement'.

c) Loans and receivables

Subsequent to initial recognition financial assets classified as loans and receivables are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

4.5 Securities under repurchase / resale agreements

Transactions of purchase under an agreement for resale (reverse-repo) of marketable and government securities, including the securities purchased under margin trading system, are entered into at contracted rates for specified periods of time. Securities purchased with a corresponding commitment to resell at a specified future date (reverse-repo) are not recognized in the statement of assets and liabilities. Amount paid under these agreements are included as receivable in respect of reverse repurchase transactions / against margin trading system transactions. The difference between purchase and resale price is treated as income from reverse repurchase transactions / margin trading system and accrued over the life of the reverse-repo agreement.

All reverse repo / marginal trading system transactions are accounted for on the settlement date.

4.6 Impairment of financial assets

The carrying value of the Fund's assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of such asset is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the income statement.

Provision for non-performing debt securities and other exposures is made in accordance with the criteria specified in Circular No. 1 dated January 06, 2009 as amended by Circular No. 13 dated May 04, 2009 and Circular No. 33 dated October 24, 2012 issued by SECP. The provisioning policy has been duly formulated and approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

4.7 Derivatives

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value using appropriate valuation techniques. All derivative financial instruments are carried as asset when the fair value is positive and liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments is taken to the Income Statement.

4.8 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

4.9 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of assets and liabilities when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.10 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. They are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently stated at amortized cost.

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired.

4.11 Issue and redemption of units

Units issued are recorded at the offer price of the day on which funds are received in the Trustee bank accounts during business hours. The offer price represents the net asset value per unit as of the close of the business day.

Units redeemed are recorded at the redemption price announced as of the close of the business day on which a correctly filled-in redemption form is submitted within the business hours. The redemption price represents the net asset value per unit as of the close of the business day.

4.12 Element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in prices of units sold less those in units redeemed

An equalization account called the 'element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in prices of units sold less those in units redeemed' is created, in order to prevent the dilution of per unit income and distribution of income already paid out on redemption.

The Fund records that portion of the net element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) relating to units sold and redeemed during an accounting period which pertains to unrealized gains / (losses) that form part of the Unit Holders' Funds in a separate reserve account and any amount remaining in this reserve account at the end of an accounting period (whether gain or loss) is included in the amount available for distribution to the unit holders. The remaining portion of the net element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) relating to units issued and redeemed during an accounting period is recognized in the Income Statement.

4.13 Proposed distributions

Distributions declared subsequent to the balance sheet date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which such distributions are declared.

4.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.15 Earnings per unit

Earnings per unit (EPU) has not been disclosed as in the opinion of the management determination of weighted average units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

4.16 Taxation

The Fund's income is exempt from income tax as per clause (99) of part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90% of the accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains whether realised or unrealised is distributed amongst the unit holders by way of cash dividend. Furthermore, as per regulation 63 of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulation, 2008, the Fund is required to distribute 90% of the net accounting income other than unrealised capital gains to the unit holders in cash. The Fund is also exempt from the provision of Section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Since the management intends to distribute the income earned by the Fund during the year to the unit holders in cash in the manner as explained above, accordingly no provision for taxation has been made in these financial statements.

4.17 Revenue recognition

- Realized capital gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in the Income Statement on the date at which the transaction takes place.
- Unrealized gains / (losses) arising on mark to market of investments classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' held-for-trading are included in the Income Statement in the period in which they arise.
- Income from government securities is recognized using the effective interest method.
- Profit on investments is recognized on an accrual basis.
- Profit on bank deposits is recognized on an accrual basis.

4.18 Expenses

All expenses including management fee, trustee fee and SECP fee are recognised in the Income Statement on an accrual basis.

4.19 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts.

4.20 Other assets

Other assets are stated at cost less impairment losses, if any.

4.21 Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the income statement. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities are recognized in the Income Statement.

4.22 Net asset value per unit

The net asset value (NAV) per unit, as disclosed on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in circulation at the year end.

5. REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES TO THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

SECP has introduced "expense ratio" vide amendments in the NBFC Regulations dated November 25, 2015, whereby, the total expense ratio of an money market scheme shall be capped at 2% of average daily net assets value of the scheme. The regulation further states that for the purpose of expense ratio, expenses incurred in relation to any government levy on funds such as sales tax, federal excise duty, SECP fee, etc. shall be excluded while calculating expense ratio. Furthermore, under the NBFC Regulation 60(3)(s), the Management Company is allowed to charge their cost to Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) in respect of fees and expenses related to registrar services, accounting, operations and valuation services related to that CIS, the maximum cost that can be charged in this regard is up to 0.1% of the average annual net assets of that CIS or actual, whichever is less. Accordingly, this represents the amount payable to the Management Company to maintain the expense ratio of the Fund within the prescribed limits. The total expense ratio of the Fund is 0.86% which includes 0.14% representing government levies and SECP fee.

BALANCES WITH BANKS

Deposit accounts

These carry mark-up at rates ranging between 3.75% to 6.18% per annum (2016: 3.75% to 6.25% per annum) and include balance of Rs.6.499 million (2016: Rs.39.305 million) with MCB Bank Limited 362,099 6.1

----- (Rupees in '000) --

Note

6.1

(a related party).

7. INVESTMENTS

'At fair value through profit or loss' - held-for-trading 7.1

Market treasury bills

1,274,258

289,584

7.1.1 Market treasury bills - 'at fair value through profit or loss'- held-for-trading

| | | | Face value | /alue | | As | As at 30 June 2017 | 17 | Marke | Market value |
|--|---------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | As | at July 01, 2016 | As at July 01, during the 2016 year | Sales / matured during the year | As at June Carrying 30, 2017 value | Carrying value | Market | As a Appreciation/ percentage (diminution) of net assets | As a percentage of net assets | As a percentage of total investments |
| ON | ote | | (Rupees | (Rupees in '000) | |) | (Rupees in '000) | (| ó | 0/0 |
| Market treasury bills - 3 months 7.1.1.1 | 1.1 | 30,000 | 11,837,500 | (11,692,500) | 175,000 | 174,406 | 174,400 | (9) | 27.78 | 60.22 |
| Market treasury bills - 6 months 7.1. | 7.1.1.2 | 1 | 2,576,500 | (2,460,500) | 116,000 | 115,189 | 115,184 | (5) | 18.35 | 39.78 |
| Market treasury bills - 12 months | | 1,250,000 | 3,955,500 | (5,205,500) | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | ı | 1 |
| Total as at June 30, 2017 | | | | | 1 11 | 289,595 | 289,584 | (11) | | |
| Total as at June 30, 2016 | | | | | ij | 1,274,238 | 1,274,238 1,274,258 | 20 | | |

7.1.1.1 These will mature latest by August 03, 2017 (2016: August 04, 2016) and carry effective yield at the rates ranging from 5.93% to 5.98% per annum (2016: 6.19% to 6.23%).

7.1.1.2 These will mature latest by August 17, 2017 (2016: Nil) and carry effective yield at the rate of 5.93% to 5.99% per annum (2016: Nil).

| 8. | MARK-UP AND OTHER RECEIVABLES | Note | June 30, 2017 (Rupees in | June 30, 2016 n '000) |
|-----|---|-------------------|--|---|
| | Mark-up on bank deposits Receivable from management company | - - | 1,603 181 1,784 | 1,847 191 2,038 |
| 9. | ADVANCES AND PREPAYMENTS | | | |
| | Advance tax Prepaid stability rating fee - PACRA | _ _ | 249 134 383 | 224 - 224 |
| 10. | PAYABLE TO THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY | | | |
| | Remuneration payable Sales tax on management fee Trustee fee Audit fee Rating Fee Legal fee Listing Fee Settlement Charges Expenses payable to Management Company and related taxes | 10.1 | 719 93 68 9 141 1 1 2 | 717 100 - - - - - - 115 |
| | | _ | 1,156 | 932 |

- 10.1 Under the provisions of the NBFC Regulations, the Management Company of the Fund is entitled to a remuneration during the first five years of the Fund, of an amount not exceeding three percent of the average annual net assets of the Fund and thereafter two percent of such assets of the Fund. In the current year, the management fees is being calculated on the lower of 10% of the Fund's operating revenue or 1% of average daily net assets subject to minimum fee of 0.25% (2016: 0.25%) of average daily net assets.
- 10.2 The Trustee, MCB Financial Services Limited is entitled to a monthly remuneration of 1% for services rendered to the Fund under the provisions of the Trust Deed and Offering Documents as per the tariff specified therein, based on the daily gross earnings value of the fund.
- 10.3 During the period SECP vide letter # SCD/AMCW/MCBAHSIL/ PCF/475 /2017 dated March 17, 2017 approved the amendment made in the offering document, thereby all the expenses duly referred in offering documents which was previously borne by the Asset Management Company shall now be borne by the Fund with effective from 22 June 2017. All the prepaid expenses for the period from 22 June 2017 to 30 June 2017 already paid by the Asset Management Company on behalf of Fund shall by reimbursed to the Asset Management Company.

11. ANNUAL FEE PAYABLE TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN (SECP)

This represents annual fee to SECP in accordance with Regulation 62 of the NBFC Regulations, whereby the Fund is required to pay SECP an amount at the rate of 0.075% (2016: 0.075%) of the average daily net assets of the Fund.

| | Note | June 30, 2017 (Rupees in | June 30, 2016 1 '000) |
|---|----------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 12. ACCRUED AND OTHER LIABILITIES | | | |
| Provision for Workers' Welfare Fund | 12.1 | 1,197 | 26,880 |
| Federal excise duty payable on management fee | 14 | 11,933 | 11,933 |
| Withholding tax payable | | 11,404 | 196 |
| Brokerage payable | | 42 | 46 |
| Others | | 276 | 171 |
| | <u> </u> | 24,852 | 39,226 |

12.1 Provision for Workers' Welfare Fund

The Finance Act, 2008 had introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance) as a result of which it was construed that all Collective Investment Schemes (CISs) / mutual funds whose income exceeded Rs.0.5 million in a tax year were brought within the scope of the WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever was higher. In light of this, the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) filed a constitutional petition in the Honourable Sindh High Court (SHC) challenging the applicability of WWF on CISs which is pending adjudication. Similar cases were disposed of by the Peshawar and the Lahore High Courts in which these amendments were declared unlawful and unconstitutional. However, these decisions were challenged in the Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP).

Subsequently, the Finance Act, 2015 introduced an amendment under which CISs / mutual funds have been excluded from the definition of "industrial establishment" subject to WWF under the WWF Ordinance. Consequently, mutual funds are not subject to this levy after the introduction of this amendment which is applicable from tax year 2016. Accordingly, no further provision in respect of WWF was made with effect from July 01, 2015.

On November 10, 2016 SCP has passed a judgment declaring the amendments made in the Finance Acts, 2006 and 2008 pertaining to WWF as illegal citing that WWF was not in the nature of tax and could; therefore, not have been introduced through money bills. Accordingly, the aforesaid amendments have been struck down by the SCP. The Federal Board of Revenue has filed a petition in the SCP against the said judgment, which is pending hearing. While the petitions filed by the CISs on the matter are still pending before the SHC, MUFAP (collectively on behalf of the asset management companies and their CISs) has taken legal and tax opinions on the impact of the SCP judgement on the CISs petition before the SHC. Both legal and tax advisors consulted were of the view that the judgment has removed the very basis on which the demands were raised against the CISs. Therefore, there was no longer any liability against the CISs under the WWF Ordinance and that all cases pending in the SHC or lower appellate forums will now be disposed of in light of the earlier judgement of the SCP.

Furthermore, as a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution of Pakistan, in May 2015 the Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund Act, 2014 (SWWF Act) had been passed by the Government of Sindh as a result of which every industrial establishment located in the Province of Sindh, the total income of which in any accounting year is not less than Rs.0.5 million, is required to pay Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) in respect of that year a sum equal to two percent of such income. The matter was taken up by the MUFAP with the Sindh Revenue Board (SRB) collectively on behalf of various asset management companies (including the Management Company of the Fund) whereby it was contested that mutual funds should be excluded from the ambit of the SWWF Act as these were not industrial establishments but were pass through investment vehicles and did not employ workers. The SRB held that mutual funds were included in the definition of financial institutions as per the Financial Institution (Recovery of Finances) Ordinance, 2001 and were, hence, required to register and pay SWWF under the SWWF Act. Thereafter, MUFAP has taken up the matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry to have CISs / mutual funds excluded from the applicability of SWWF.

In view of the above developments regarding the applicability of WWF and SWWF on CISs / mutual funds, MUFAP has recommended the following to all its members on January 12, 2017:

i. based on legal opinion, the entire provision against WWF held by the CISs till June 30, 2015, to be reversed on January 12, 2017; and

ii. the provision in respect of SWWF should be made on a prudent basis with effect from the date of enactment of the SWWF Act, 2014 (i.e. starting from May 21, 2015) on January 12, 2017.

The above decisions were communicated to SECP and the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited on January 12, 2017 and the SECP vide its letter dated February 01, 2017 has advised MUFAP that the adjustments relating to the above should be prospective and supported by adequate disclosures in the financial statements of the CISs / mutual funds. Accordingly, the Fund has recorded these adjustments in its books on January 12, 2017.

The provision for SWWF is now being made on a daily basis. Had the provision for SWWF not been recorded in the financial statements of the Fund, the net asset value of the Fund as at June 30, 2017 would have been higher by Re.0.10 per unit.

13. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingencies and commitments as at June 30, 2017.

14. FEDERAL EXCISE DUTY ON MANAGEMENT FEE

The Finance Act, 2013 enlarged the scope of Federal Excise Duty (FED) on financial services to include Asset Management Companies (AMCs) with effect from June 13, 2013. As the asset management services rendered by the Management Company of the Fund are already subject to provincial sales tax on services levied by the Sindh Revenue Board, which is being charged to the Fund, the Management Company is of the view that further levy of FED was not justified.

The Sindh High Court in its decision dated July 16, 2016 maintained the previous order passed against other constitutional petition whereby levy of FED is declared to be 'Ultra Vires' the Constitution. The management is however of the view that since the Federal government still has the right to appeal against the order, the previous balance of FED can not be reversed.

On June 30, 2016 the SHC had passed a Judgment that after 18th amendment in the Constitution of Pakistan, the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services, therefore, chargeability and collection of FED after July 01, 2011 is ultra vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. On September 23, 2016, the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) filed an appeal in the Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP) against above judgement, which is pending adjudication.

With effect from July 1, 2016, FED on services provided or rendered by non-banking financial institutions dealing in services which are subject to provincial sales tax has been withdrawn by the Finance Act, 2016.

In view of the above, the Fund has discontinued making further provision in respect of FED on remuneration of the Management Company with effect from July 1, 2016. However, as a matter of abundant caution, the provision for FED made for the period from June 13, 2013 till June 30, 2017 amounting to Rs.11.93 million (2016: Rs.11.93 million) is being retained in the financial statements of the Fund as the matter is pending before the Supreme Court of Pakistan. Had the said provision for FED not been recorded in the financial statements of the Fund, the net asset value of the Fund as at June 30, 2017 would have been higher by Re.0.95 per unit (2016: Re.0.30).

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|-------|------------|---------|
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | Note | (Rupees in | n '000) |
| Balances with banks | | 362,099 | 756,620 |
| Market treasury bills maturing within 3 months | 7.1.1 | 174,400 | 29,948 |
| | _ | 536,499 | 786,568 |

June 30

Inna 30

16. TRANSACTIONS WITH CONNECTED PERSONS / OTHER RELATED PARTIES

Connected persons of the Fund include the Management Company, other collective investment schemes being managed by the Management Company, the Trustee, directors and key management personnel, other associated undertakings.

The transactions with connected persons are in the normal course of business.

Remuneration payable to the Management Company and the Trustee is determined in accordance with the provisions of the NBFC Regulations and the Trust Deed respectively.

16.1 Details of transactions with connected persons are as follows:

| Details of transactions with connected persons are as follows: | June 30, 2017 (Rupees in '000) - | June 30, 2016 |
|--|--|------------------|
| MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investment Limited - Management Company Remuneration including indirect taxes Expense allocated by Management Company and related sales tax | 9,641 1,594 | 11,300 597 |
| MCB Bank Limited Profit on bank deposits Purchase of securities face value 300,000,000 (2016: Nil) Sale of securities face value 1,141,000,000 (2016: Nil) | 353 297,980 2,182,425 | 1,093 |
| Silk Bank Limited Purchase of securities face value 1,736,000,000 (2016: Nil) | 1,721,090 | - |
| Next Capital Limited * Brokerage | 1 | 816 |
| Arif Habib Limited * Brokerage | 17 | 361 |
| Arif Habib Dolmen REIT Management Limited Issuance of 129 units (2016: 88 units) Dividend paid | 6 6 | 4 6 |
| MCB Financial Services Limited - Trustee Remuneration of the Trustee | 68 | - |
| Adamjee Life Assurance Company Limited Issuance of Nil units (2016: 380,044 units) Redemption of Nil units (2016: 380,044 units) | - - | 20,000 20,027 |
| Adamjee Life Assurance Company Limited - ISF Issuance of Nil units (2016: 380,044 units) Redemption of Nil units (2016: 668,390 units) | - - | 35,000 35,221 |
| Adamjee Insurance Company Limited Issuance of 1,865,091 units (2016: Nil) Redemption of 1,865,091 units (2016: Nil) | 100,000 100,404 | - |
| Key Management Personnel Issuance of 105,926 units (2016: Nil) Redemption of 92,737 units (2016: 458 units) Dividend paid | 5,434 4,979 45 | - 24 - |
| Mandate Under Discretionary Portfolio Services Issuance of 384,750 units (2016: 104,511 units) Redemption of 238,340 units (2016: 104,511 units) Dividend paid | 19,351 12,000 851 | 5,500 5,507 |

16.2 Balances outstanding at the year end are as follows:

| MCB Bank Limited | | |
|---|---------|--------|
| Balance with bank | 6,499 | 39,305 |
| Profit receivable on bank deposits | 96 | 423 |
| MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investment Limited - Management Company | | |
| Remuneration payable | 719 | 717 |
| Sales tax on management fee | 93 | 100 |
| Trustee fee | 68 | - |
| Audit fee | 9 | - |
| Rating Fee | 141 | - |
| Legal fee | 1 | - |
| Listing Fee | 1 | - |
| Settlement Charges | 2 | - |
| Expenses payable to Management Company and related taxes | 122 | 115 |
| Receivable against bank charges | - | 191 |
| Arif Habib Dolmen REIT Management Limited | 112 | 106 |
| 2,250 units held (2016: 2,121 units) | 113 | 106 |
| Mandate Under Discretionary Portfolio Services 146,410 units held (2016: Nil) | 7,361 | - |
| Key management personnel 13,189 units held (2016: Nil) | 663 | - |
| Unit holders holding 10% or more units | | |
| ** Fauji oil terminal & distribution company limited Units in issue 3,044,628 (2016: Nil) | 153,082 | - |
| ** ISOI employees provident fund Units in issue 2,414,353 (2016: Nil) | 121,392 | - |
| ** CDC trustee company limited Units in issue 1,231,112 (2016: Nil) | 61,900 | - |

^{*} The amount disclosed represents the amount of brokerage paid / payable to connected persons and not the purchase or sale value of securities transacted through them. The purchase or sale value has not been treated as transactions with connected persons as the ultimate counter parties are not connected persons.

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Risk of the Fund are being managed by the Management Company in accordance with the approved policies of the investment committee which provide broad guidelines for management of above mention risks. The Board of Directors of the Management Company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Fund's risk management framework.

The Fund primarily invests in a portfolio of money market investments such as Government securities and investments in other money market instruments.

17.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

The Management Company manages market risk by monitoring exposure on marketable securities by following the internal risk management policies and investment guidelines approved by the Board and regulations laid down by the SECP and the NBFC Regulations, The NBFC Rules.

^{**} Unit holding as at June 30, 2016 is less than 10%.

Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

17.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund, at present is not exposed to currency risk as all transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

17.1.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Fund holds fixed rate instrument in the form of Government securities that expose the Fund to fair value interest rate risk.

As at 30 June, details of the interest rate profile of the Fund's interest bearing financial instruments 'were as follows:

| June 30, | June 30 |
|----------|------------|
| 2017 | 2016 |
| (Rupee | s in '000) |

Fixed rate instruments

Market treasury bills 289,584 1,274,25

a) Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

As at June 30, 2017, the Fund does not hold any variable rate instruments and is not exposed to cash flow interest rate risk.

b) Sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

As at June 30, 2017, the Fund holds Market treasury bills which are classified 'at fair value through profit or loss' - held-for-trading, exposing the Fund to fair value interest rate risk. In case of 100 basis points increase in rates announced by the Financial Market Association of Pakistan (FMAP) on June 30, 2017, the net income for the year and net assets would be lower by Rs.0.24 million (2016: Rs.0.003 million). In case of 100 basis points decrease in rates announced by the Financial Market Association on June 30, 2017, the net income for the year and net assets would be higher by Rs.0.24 million (2016: Rs.0.003 million).

The composition of the Fund's investment portfolio and rates announced by the FMAP is expected to change over time. Accordingly, the sensitivity analysis prepared as of June 30, 2017 is not necessarily indicative of the impact on the Fund's net assets of future movements in interest rates.

Yield / interest rate sensitivity position for on balance sheet financial instruments is based on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity date.

| | | | June | 30, 2017 | | |
|---|---|-------------------|---------------------------|---|--|-----------------------|
| | | Expose | d to yield / inte | rest rate risk | | |
| | Yield / effective interest rate (%) | Upto three months | year | More than one year - (Rupees in '000) | Not exposed to yield / interest risk | Total |
| On-balance sheet financial instruments | | | | - (Kupees iii 000) | | |
| Financial assets Balances with banks Investments classified: 'At fair value through profit or loss' | 3.75 to 6.18 | 362,099 | - | - | - | 362,099 |
| - held-for-trading Mark-up and other | 5.93 to 5.98 | 174,400 | 115,184 | - | - | 289,584 |
| receivables | | 1,603 | - | - | 181 | 1,784 |
| | | 538,102 | 115,184 | - | 181 | 653,467 |
| Financial liabilities Payable to the Management Company Accrued and other liabilities | | - - - | - - - | - - - | 1,054 318 1,372 | 1,054 318 1,372 |
| On-balance sheet gap | | 538,102 | 115,184 | | (1,191) | 652,095 |
| | | Expose | June d to yield / inte | 30, 2016 rest rate risk | , | |
| | Yield / effective interest rate (%) | Upto three months | year | More than one year - (Rupees in '000) | Not exposed to yield / interest risk | Total |
| On-balance sheet financial instruments | | | | , | | |
| Financial assets Balances with banks Investments classified: 'At fair value through | 3.75 to 6.25 | 756,620 | - | - | - | 756,620 |
| profit or loss' - held-for-trading Mark-up and other | 6.19 to 6.23 | 29,948 | 1,244,310 | - | - | 1,274,258 |
| receivables | | 1,847 788,415 | 1,244,310 | <u>-</u> | 191 191 | 2,038 2,032,916 |
| Financial liabilities Payable to the Management | | | | | | |
| Company Accrued and other liabilities | | - | - | - | 832 217 | 832 217 |
| Accided and other habilities | | | - | | 21/ | 41/ |
| | | - | - | - | 1,049 | 1,049 |

17.1.3 Other price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. Since the Fund is not allowed to invest in equity securities, hence it is not exposed to equity price risk.

17.2 Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the risk of loss if counterparties fail to perform as contracted. The Fund is exposed to counter party credit risks on loans and receivables, and balances with bank. The credit risk on the Fund is limited because the counterparties are financial institutions with reasonably high credit ratings. Investments in Market treasury bills are government backed and hence considered as secured.

The Fund has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties, and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. This information is supplied by independent rating agencies, where available, and if not available, the Fund uses other publicly available financial information and its own trading records to rate its major customers. The Fund's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties.

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by financial department in accordance with the Fund's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are approved by the Board of Directors. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risk and therefore mitigate financial loss through potential counterparty failure.

The Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk related to receivables at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 is the carrying amounts of following financial assets.

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|-------------------------------|---------|-----------|
| | (Rupees | in '000) |
| Balances with banks | 362,099 | 756,620 |
| Investments | 289,584 | 1,274,258 |
| Mark-up and other receivables | 1,784 | 2,038 |
| | 653,467 | 2,032,916 |

None of the financial assets were considered to be past due or impaired as on June 30, 2017.

Details of credit rating of balance with banks as at June 30, are as follows:

| Bank balances by rating category | Rating Long-term / short-term | June 30, 2017 (Rupees i | June 30, 2016 in '000) |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Deposit accounts | | | |
| Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited | AA+/A1+ | 1,479 | 28,418 |
| MCB Bank Limited | AAA/A1+ | 6,499 | 39,305 |
| Allied Bank Limited | AA/A1+ | 351,222 | 186,282 |
| Bank Alfalah Limited | AA + /A1 + | 1,914 | 502,615 |
| Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited | AAA/A1+ | 973 | - |
| United Bank Limited | AAA/A1+ | 5 | - |
| Bank Al-Habib Limited | AAA/A1+ | 7 | - |
| | | 362,099 | 756,620 |
| | | 362,099 | 756,620 |

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The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancement as at June 30, 2017 is the carrying amount of the financial assets. None of these assets are impaired nor past due.

Investment in fixed income securities

Investment in market treasury bills do not expose the Fund to credit risk as the counter party to the investment is the Government of Pakistan and management does not expect to incur any credit loss on such investments.

Concentration of credit risk

Concentration is the relative sensitivity of the Fund's performance to developments affecting a particular industry or geographical location. Concentration of risks arise when a number of financial instruments or contracts are entered into with the same counterparty, or where a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions.

All of the Fund's concentration of credit risk at the end of financial year 2017 and 2016 are with commercial banks.

Settlement risk

The Fund's activities may give rise to risk at the time of settlement of transactions. Settlement risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of an entity to honour its obligations to deliver cash, securities or other assets as contractually agreed.

For the vast majority of transactions the Fund mitigates this risk by conducting settlements through a broker to ensure that a trade is settled only when both parties have fulfilled their contractual settlement obligations.

17.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting it's obligations arising from it's financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or other financial assets or that such obligations will have to be settled in a manner disadvantageous to the Funds. Liquidity risk also arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected. The Fund is exposed to cash redemptions of its units on a regular basis. Units are redeemable at the holder's option based on the Fund's applicable redemption price calculated in accordance with the Fund's constitutive documents and guidelines laid down by the SECP.

The Fund's policy to managing liquidity is to have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities, including estimated redemptions of units as and when due, without incurring undue losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation.

The Fund has the ability to borrow, with prior approval of trustee, for meeting redemption requests. The maximum amount available to the Fund from borrowings is limited to the extent of 15% of net assets at the time of borrowing with a condition of repayment within 90 days of such borrowings. No such borrowings have arisen during the year.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Fund may also withhold daily redemption requests in excess of ten percent of the units in issue and such requests would be treated as redemption requests qualifying for being processed on the next business day. Such procedure would continue until the outstanding redemption requests come down to a level below ten percent of the units then in issue.

The liquidity position of the Fund is monitored by Fund Manager and Risk and Compliance Department on daily basis.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

The maturity profile of the Fund's liabilities based on contractual maturities is given below:

| | As at June 30, 2017 | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|--|---|--|
| | Carrying value | Upto one month | More than one month upto three months | More than three months and upto one year | |
| Liabilities | | (Rupees in | (000) | | |
| Payable to the Management Company | 1,054 | 1,054 | _ | _ | |
| Accrued and other liabilities | 318 | 42 | 276 | - | |
| | 1,372 | 1,096 | 276 | - | |
| | | As at June 30 |), 2016 | | |
| | Carrying value | Upto one month | More than one month upto three months | More than three months and upto one year | |
| | | (Rupees in | | • | |
| Liabilities | | (rapees in | , | | |
| Payable to the Management Company | 832 | 832 | - | - | |
| Accrued and other liabilities | 217 | 46 | 171 | | |
| | 1,049 | 878 | 171 | _ | |

Units of the Fund are redeemable on demand at the holder's option, however, the Fund does not anticipate significant redemption of units.

17.4 Financial instruments by category

As at June 30, 2017, all the financial assets are carried on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities are categorised either as 'loans and receivables' or financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss - held for trading'. All the financial liabilities carried on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities are categorised as other financial liabilities i.e. liabilities other than 'at fair value through profit or loss - held for trading'.

| | | As at June 30 | 0, 2017 | |
|---|-----------------------|--|--|--------------|
| | Loans and receivables | At fair value through profit or loss' - held-for- trading (Rupees in | Available-for- sale '000) | Total |
| Assets | | (P | , | |
| Balances with banks | 362,099 | - | - | 362,099 |
| Investments | - | 289,584 | - | 289,584 |
| Mark-up and other receivables | 1,784 | 200.504 | | 1,784 |
| | 363,883 | 289,584 | | 653,467 |
| | | As | at June 30, 2017 | |
| | | At fair value through profit or loss' - held-for- trading | Other financial liabilities Lupees in '000) | Total |
| Liabilities | | ` | | |
| Payable to the Management Company Accrued and other liabilities | | - | 1,054 | 1,054 |
| Accrued and other habilities | | | 318 1,372 | 318 1,372 |
| | As at June 30, 2016 | | 1,572 | |
| | Loans and receivables | At fair value through profit or loss' - held-for- trading | Available-for- sale | Total |
| Assets | | (Rupees in | (000) | |
| Balances with banks | 756,620 | - | - | 756,620 |
| Investment | - | 1,274,258 | - | 1,274,258 |
| Mark-up and other receivables | 2,038 | | | 2,038 |
| | 758,658 | 1,274,258 | | 2,032,916 |
| | | As | at June 30, 2016 | |
| | | At fair value through profit or loss' - held-for- trading | Other financial liabilities Rupees in '000) | Total |
| Liabilities | | (2) | 1 | |
| | | | 022 | 022 |
| Payable to the Management Company | | - | 832 | 832 |
| Payable to the Management Company Accrued and other liabilities | | <u>-</u> | 217 | 832 217 |

17.5 Fair value hierarchy

Fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the statement of assets and liabilities date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and financial liabilities is considered not significantly different from book value.

The following table shows financial instruments recognised at fair value, analysed between those whose fair value is based on:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Those involving inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and

Level 3: Those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The table below analyse financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

| | As at June 30, 2017 | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------|---------|---|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| | | (Rupees in ' | 000) | |
| Financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss' - held-for-trading | | | | |
| Market treasury bills | | 289,584 | | 289,584 |
| | | As at June 30 | , 2016 | |
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| | | (Rupees in ' | 000) | |
| Financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss' - held-for-trading | | | | |
| Market treasury bills | _ | 1.274.258 | - | 1.274.258 |
| | | ,=, :,=== | | , , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |

18. UNIT HOLDERS'S FUND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's capital is represented by redeemable units. The Fund is required by the NBFC Regulations, to maintain minimum fund size to Rs.100 million to be maintained all the time during the life of the scheme. The units issued by the Fund provides an investor with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the unit holder's share in the Fund's net assets at the redemption date.

The Fund's objective in managing the unit holders' fund is to ensure a stable base to maximise returns to all investors and to manage liquidity risk arising from redemption. In accordance with the risk management policies, the Fund endeavours to invest the subscriptions received in appropriate investments while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemption, such liquidity being augmented by disposal of investments.

19. SUPPLEMENTARY NON FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The information regarding pattern of unit holding, list of top ten brokers, meetings of the Board of Directors of the management company and members of the Investment Committee are as follows:

19.1 Pattern of unit holding

Details of pattern of unit holding

| | | As at Ju | ne 30, 2017 | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Number of unit holders | Number of Units held (Rupee | Investment Amount es in '000) | Percentage Investment |
| Individuals | 184 | 2,246,732 | 112,964 | 17.99% |
| Associated companies | 2 | 1,233,362 | 62,013 | 9.88% |
| Insurance companies | 2 | 406,040 | 20,415 | 3.25% |
| Retirement funds | 13 | 4,206,944 | 211,523 | 33.69% |
| Public limited companies | 3 | 3,357,508 | 168,813 | 26.89% |
| Others | 10 | 1,036,301 | 52,105 | 8.30% |
| | 214 | 12,486,887 | 627,833 | 100.00% |

Details of pattern of unit holding

| | As at June 30, 2016 | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Number of unit holders | Number of unit holders (Rupee | Investment Amount s in '000) | Percentage Investment |
| | | (1 | | |
| Individuals | 228 | 5,415,608 | 271,897 | 13.64% |
| Associated companies | 2 | 1,184,592 | 59,474 | 2.98% |
| Insurance companies | 2 | 1,182,655 | 59,377 | 2.98% |
| Retirement funds | 15 | 4,470,339 | 224,439 | 11.26% |
| Public limited companies | 1 | 12,301 | 618 | 0.03% |
| Others | 16 | 27,430,414 | 1,377,177 | 69.11% |
| | 264 | 39,695,909 | 1,992,982 | 100.00% |

19.2 Top ten brokers / dealers by percentage of commission paid

Details of commission paid by the fund to top ten brokers by percentage during the year are as follows:

| | | June 30, 2017 |
|---------------------------------|---|---|
| | | Percentage |
| 1 | Invest Capital Markets Limited | 16.46% |
| 2 | Optimus Market (Private) Limited | 14.97% |
| 3 | Arif Habib Limited | 13.42% |
| 4 | EFG Hermes Pakistan Limited | 11.97% |
| 5 | Vector Capital (Private) Limited | 8.45% |
| 6 | C and M Management (Private) Limited | 6.97% |
| 7 | Currency Market Assocates (Private) Limited | 5.15% |
| 8 | BMA Capital Management Limited | 3.90% |
| 9 | Magneta Capital (Private) Limited | 3.71% |
| 10 | Summit Capital Private Limited | 3.12% |
| | | |
| | | June 30, |
| | | 2016 |
| | | 2016 Percentage |
| 1 | Invest Capital Markets Limited | 2016 Percentage 21.65% |
| 1 2 | BMA Capital Management Limited | 2016 Percentage 21.65% 15.37% |
| 3 | BMA Capital Management Limited Vector Capital (Private) Limited | 2016 Percentage 21.65% 15.37% 11.33% |
| 3 4 | BMA Capital Management Limited Vector Capital (Private) Limited Magenta Capital (Private) Limited | 2016 Percentage 21.65% 15.37% 11.33% 8.44% |
| 3 | BMA Capital Management Limited Vector Capital (Private) Limited Magenta Capital (Private) Limited Global Securities Pakistan Limited | 2016 Percentage 21.65% 15.37% 11.33% 8.44% 8.23% |
| 3 4 | BMA Capital Management Limited Vector Capital (Private) Limited Magenta Capital (Private) Limited Global Securities Pakistan Limited First Capital Securities Limited | 2016 Percentage 21.65% 15.37% 11.33% 8.44% 8.23% 6.87% |
| 3 4 5 6 7 | BMA Capital Management Limited Vector Capital (Private) Limited Magenta Capital (Private) Limited Global Securities Pakistan Limited First Capital Securities Limited Invest One Markets (Private) Limited | 2016 Percentage 21.65% 15.37% 11.33% 8.44% 8.23% 6.87% 5.63% |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 | BMA Capital Management Limited Vector Capital (Private) Limited Magenta Capital (Private) Limited Global Securities Pakistan Limited First Capital Securities Limited Invest One Markets (Private) Limited Next Capital Limited | 2016 Percentage 21.65% 15.37% 11.33% 8.44% 8.23% 6.87% 5.63% 5.50% |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | BMA Capital Management Limited Vector Capital (Private) Limited Magenta Capital (Private) Limited Global Securities Pakistan Limited First Capital Securities Limited Invest One Markets (Private) Limited | 2016 Percentage 21.65% 15.37% 11.33% 8.44% 8.23% 6.87% 5.63% |

19.3 Attendance at meetings of the Board of Directors

During the year, 126th, 127th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, and 133rd Board meetings were held on July 12, 2016, August 05, 2016, August 15, 2016, October 21, 2016, February 02, 2017, March 20, 2017, April 21, 2017 and May 12, 2017 respectively. Information in respect of attendance by Directors in the meetings is given below:

| Name of Director | Number of meetings | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|----------|------------------|---|
| | Held | Attended | Leave granted | Meeting not attended |
| Mian Muhammad Mansha | 8 | 1 | 7 | 126th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, |
| N. ' D | 0 | | • | 133rd |
| Nasim Beg | 8 | 6 | 2 | 127th, 130th |
| Muhammad Saqib Saleem | 8 | 8 | - | - |
| Salman Shah | 8 | 7 | 1 | 126th |
| Haroon Rashid | 8 | 2 | 6 | 126th, 127th, |
| | | | | 128th, 130th, |
| | | | | 131st, 132nd |

| | Number of meetings | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------|----------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Held | Attended | Leave granted | Meeting not attended |
| Ahmed Jahangir | 8 | 8 | - | - |
| Samad A. Habib | 8 | 5 | 3 | 128th, 129th, 131st |
| Mirza Mehmood | 8 | 1 | 4 | 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd |
| Mirza Qamar Beg | 8 | 3 | - | _ |

19.4 Particulars of investment committee and fund manager

Details of members of investment committee of the Fund are as follows:

| Name | Designation | Qualification | Experience in years |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem | Chief Executive Officer | FCA & FCCA | 20 |
| Mr. Muhammad Asim | Chief Investment Officer | MBA & CFA | 14 |
| Mr. Saad Ahmed | Portfolio Manager – Fixed Income | MBA | 12 |
| Syed Mohammad Usama Iqbal | Fund Manager - Fixed Income Fund | MA,CFA Level I | 13 |
| Mr. Awais Abdul Sattar | Senior Research Analyst | MBA & CFA | 6 |

19.5 Other funds managed by the fund manager

Mr. Saad Ahmed

Mr. Saad Ahmed is the Manager of the Fund as at year end. He has obtained a Masters degree in Business Administration. Other funds being managed by him are as follows:

- MCB DCF Income Fund;
- MCB Pakistan Sovereign Fund;
- MCB Cash Management Optimizer; and
- Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund

20. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees unless otherwise specified.

21. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue on August 04, 2017 by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

Director

PATTERN OF HOLDING AS PER REQUIREMENT OF CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

| Category | No.of Unit Holders | Units |
|---|---------------------------|--------------|
| Associated Companies, undertakings and related Parties | - | |
| CDC-TRUSTEE COMPANY LIMITED | 1 | 1,231,112 |
| ARIF HABIB DOLMEN REIT MANAGEMENT LIMITED | 1 | 2,250 |
| Mutual Funds | - | - |
| Directors and their spouse (s) and minor children | - | - |
| Executives | 1 | 13,188.94 |
| Public sector companies and corporations | - | - |
| Banks, Development Finance Institutios, Non-Banking Finance Companies, | 15 | 4,612,983 |
| Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarbas and Pension Funds | | |
| Unitholders holding 5 percent or more Voting interest in the listed company | | |
| FAUJI OIL TERMINAL & DISTRIBUTION CO. LIMITED | 1 | 3,044,628.37 |
| ISOI EMPLOYEE'S PROVIDENT FUND | 1 | 2,414,353.11 |
| Others | 194 | 1,168,372 |
| | 214 | 12,486,887 |

PATTERN OF UNITS HOLDING BY SIZE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

| No. of Unit Holder | Unit holdings | Total Units Held |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| | | |
| 138 | 1-10000 | 231,935 |
| 59 | 10001-100000 | 1,611,707 |
| 16 | 100001-1000000 | 7,598,617 |
| 1 | 1000001 onwards | 3,044,628 |
| 214 | | 12,486,887 |

PERFORMANCE TABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

| Performance Information | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Total Net Assets Value – Rs. in million | 628 | 1,993 | 1,442 | 3,148 |
| Net Assets value per unit – Rupees | 50.2794 | 50.2062 | 50.1464 | 50.0125 |
| Closing Offer Price | 50.2794 | 50.1993 | 50.1532 | 50.0000 |
| Closing Repurchase Price | 50.2794 | 50.2062 | 50.1464 | 50.0125 |
| Highest offer price per unit | 53.8342 | 52.9990 | 54.2859 | 50.3806 |
| Lowest offer price per unit | 50.2136 | 50.1464 | 50.0233 | 50.0000 |
| Highest Redemption price per unit | 53.8342 | 52.9990 | 54.2859 | 50.3806 |
| Lowest Redemption price per unit | 50.2136 | 50.1464 | 50.0233 | 50.0000 |
| Distribution per unit – Rs. * | 4.0700 | 2.8900 | 4.2900 | 3.6500 |
| Average Annual Return - % | | | | |
| One year | 8.34 | 5.88 | 8.86 | 8.41 |
| Two year | 7.11 | 7.37 | 8.64 | 8.71 |
| Three year | 7.69 | 7.72 | 8.76 | 9.48 |
| Net Income for the year – Rs. in million | 34.755 | 19.91 | 38.89 | 266.56 |
| Distribution made during the year – Rs. in million | 33.812 | 17.53 | 35.05 | 237.90 |
| Accumulated Capital Growth – Rs. in million | 0.943 | 2.38 | 3.85 | 28.67 |
| Weighted average Portfolio Duration (days) | 14 | 18 | 33 | 14 |

* Date of Distribution

| 2017 | 7 |
|---------------|------|
| Date | Rate |
| June 22, 2017 | 4.07 |

| 2010 | 6 |
|---------------|--------|
| Date | Rate |
| June 22, 2016 | 2.8900 |

| 2014 | | |
|-------------------|----------|--|
| Date | Rate | |
| July 25, 2013 | 0.2743 | |
| August 25, 2013 | 0.3047 | |
| September 25, 201 | 0.3238 | |
| October 25, 2013 | 0.3250 | |
| November 25,201 | 3 0.3172 | |
| December 25, 201 | 3 0.3449 | |
| January 25, 2014 | 0.3770 | |
| February 25, 2014 | 0.3671 | |
| March 25, 2014 | 0.3012 | |
| April 25, 2014 | 0.3714 | |
| May 25, 2014 | 0.3439 | |

| 2015 | |
|---------------|--------|
| Date | Rate |
| June 24, 2015 | 4.2900 |

| 2013 | | |
|-------------------|----------|--|
| Date | Rate | |
| July 25, 2012 | 0.3580 | |
| August 25, 2012 | 0.4994 | |
| September 25, 20 | 0.3836 | |
| October 25, 2012 | 0.4001 | |
| November 25,201 | 2 0.3226 | |
| December 25, 201 | 2 0.3338 | |
| January 25, 2013 | 0.3440 | |
| February 25, 2013 | 0.3277 | |
| March 25, 2013 | 0.3054 | |
| April 25, 2013 | 0.3369 | |
| May 25, 2013 | 0.3288 | |

Disclaimer

The past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investments and returns may go up or down.